

Name _____

IL Constitution: History -- Article II
Worksheet 1

Using your notes, answer the following questions.

1. The first IL constitution went into effect on _____.

2. On what date was our current constitution written? _____

3. The IL constitution that lasted 100 years was written in _____.

4. What does the Preamble of the IL constitution provide for?

A. _____

B. _____

C. _____

D. _____

E. _____

F. _____

G. _____

5. How many sections are in the IL Bill of Rights? _____

6. Penalties for crimes are based on (a) _____

_____ and (b) _____.

7. What is the only exception to being protected from imprisonment for debts?

8. What is "eminent domain"? _____

9. We are protected against discrimination in what *two* areas?

Name _____

A. _____ B. _____

10. We are protected from gender discrimination by (a) _____

(b) _____ (c) _____

11. Protection from discrimination of the handicapped . . .

A. _____ B. _____

12. We are also protected against violence based on hate or _____.

13. The IL state government is divided into _____ parts:

A. _____

B. _____

C. _____

Name _____

IL Constitution: Article III – Article IV
Worksheet 2

1. What are the voting requirements for IL? A. _____

B. _____ C. _____

2. Your voting rights can be revoked or taken away if you are

A. _____

B. _____

C. _____

3. General elections are held in _____ numbered years on the

_____ following the first _____ in November.

4. The General Assembly is made up of the _____ and the

5. There are _____ legislative districts and _____ representative districts.

6. Senators in the General Assembly serve _____ year terms.

7. Representatives in the General Assembly serve _____ year terms.

8. To be a Senator or Representative in the General Assembly you must:

A. _____ B. _____

C. _____

9. Law can originate or start only as _____.

10. Each bill is read by title on _____ different days in each _____.

11. A _____ vote in both houses can override a governor's veto.

Name _____

12. When the governor vetoes certain items and the rest becomes law, this is a _____ veto.

13. When the governor vetoes one or more things in an appropriations bill, this is a _____ veto.

14. When the governor returns the bill with suggestions and recommendations for changes, this is a _____ veto.

15. When laws are passed they go into effect on what date? _____

16. Members of the General Assembly cannot be arrested unless it is for:

A _____

B _____

C _____

17. Impeachment accusations are investigated by the _____

18. Impeachment trials are held in the _____.

19. To impeach someone, a _____ vote is needed.

Name _____

IL Constitution: Article V
Worksheet 3

1. The executive branch is responsible for the _____ of state laws and _____ out the work of state government.

2. IL governors serve a term of _____ years.

3. What are the 3 qualifications for being an IL governor?

- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____

4. If something happens to the governor, who is next in order of succession?

- A. Governor
- B. _____
- C. _____
- D. _____

5. The governor can appoint offices not covered in the state constitution with approval of the _____.

6. The governor can grant _____, _____, and _____.

7. The governor gives the "condition of the state" address at the _____ of the annual session of the General Assembly and at the end of his _____.

8. The _____ is in charge of Drivers Licenses.



Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Article V People & Positions Study Guide

1. States Attorney – prosecutes violators of state and local laws.
2. Judicial Inquiry Board – investigates misconduct & complaints against judges.
3. Attorney General – chief legal officer in the state.
4. Jesse White – IL Secretary of State.
5. Circuit Judge – hears major cases such as armed robbery & murder.
6. Lieutenant Governor – performs duties assigned by the Governor.
7. Judy Barr Topinka – IL State Treasurer.

8. Appellate – hears cases appealed from lower courts.
9. Comptroller – maintains finances & authorizes all state payments.
10. Lisa Madigan – Attorney General of IL.
11. ^{J.L. Tracy} ~~Art Tenhouse~~ – our Representative from the 93th district.
12. Associate Judge – handles minor everyday cases such as traffic violations
13. Secretary of State – keeper of the Great Seal of the State of IL.
14. Patrick Quinn – Lieutenant Governor of IL.
15. ^{Jon Banard} ~~Barney Beir~~ – Adams County States Attorney.
16. Original – hears cases directly for the first time.
17. John Sullivan – our Senator from the 47th district.
18. Daniel Hynes – Comptroller of IL.
19. State Treasurer – responsible for taking care of the state’s money.
20. Courts Commission – has the power to discipline judges guilty of misconduct.

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Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Article V People & Positions
Review Worksheet

Match each person with their job.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ___ 1. Secretary of State | a. Patrick Quinn |
| ___ 2. State Treasurer | b. Jesse White |
| ___ 3. Attorney General | c. Daniel Hynes |
| ___ 4. Our Representative | d. Lisa Madigan |
| ___ 5. States Attorney for Adams Cty | e. John Sullivan |
| ___ 6. Our Senator | f. Art Tenhouse |
| ___ 7. Comptroller | g. Barney Beir |
| ___ 8. Lieutenant Governor | h. Judy Barr Topinka |

Match each job with its description.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| ___ 1. States Attorney | a. has the power to discipline judges |
| ___ 2. Judicial Inquiry Board | b. prosecutes violators of state and local laws |
| ___ 3. Courts Commission | c. maintains finances & authorizes all payments |
| ___ 4. Attorney General | d. responsible for taking care of state's money |
| ___ 5. Lieutenant Governor | e. investigates judges |
| ___ 6. Circuit Judge | f. chief legal officer in the state |
| ___ 7. Appellate Judge | g. hears cases directly for the first time |
| ___ 8. Associate Judge | h. hears cases appealed from lower courts |
| ___ 9. Original Jurisdiction | i. keeper of the Great Seal of IL |
| ___ 10. Comptroller | j. hears major cases like armed robbery & murder |
| ___ 11. Secretary of State | k. handles minor cases like traffic violations |

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IL Constitution: Article VI
Worksheet 4

1. The job of the Judicial Branch is to _____ laws.
2. What are the 3 levels of courts in IL? _____

3. The 5 Judicial Districts are based on _____.
4. IL Supreme Court has _____ judges.
5. Appellate Jurisdiction hears cases from _____.
6. Original Jurisdiction is a case that is being heard for the _____ time.

7. The Circuit Court handles _____ or _____ cases.
8. Supreme Court Judges serve a term of _____ years.
9. Circuit Court Judges serve a term of _____ years.
10. Associate Judges serve a term of _____ years.
11. What are the requirements for being an IL court judge? (1) _____
(2) _____
(3) _____
12. What is the job of the Judicial Inquiry Board? _____

13. What is the job of the States Attorney? _____

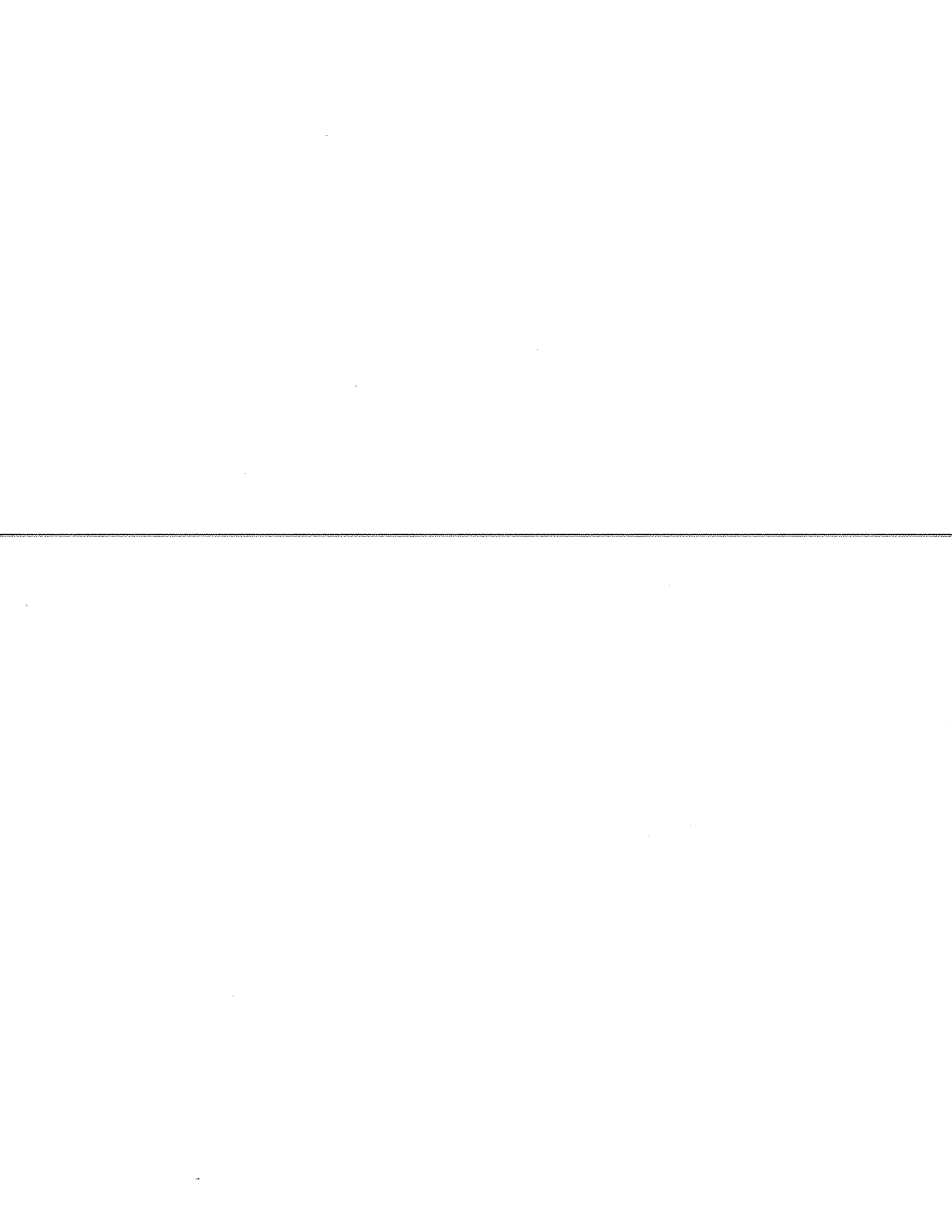


Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Vocabulary Terms Worksheet

1. A governor's veto of one or more things in an appropriations bill is a _____.
2. A vote on issues other than candidates for office is a _____.
3. If the governor returns a bill to the General Assembly with suggestions and recommendations for changes, this is a _____.
4. The Commander-in-Chief of the IL Militia is the _____.
5. The power of the local governments to do certain things for themselves with the consent of the General Assembly is called _____.

6. The basic subdivision of a county is a _____.
7. A citizen's right to receive a fair price for property needed for public use is called _____.
8. A governor's veto of certain items in a bill and the remainder of the bill becoming law is called a _____.
9. The period of time covered by a budget is called a _____.
10. Changes made by voter action to initiate or begin a law is called _____.



Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Article VII – Article IX Worksheet 5

1. Article VII deals with: a. _____ b. _____

c. _____ d. _____

e. _____ f. _____

2. There are _____ counties in Illinois.

3. Local government officials in IL are elected for terms of _____ years.

4. _____ are subdivisions of counties.

5. Municipalities are _____
and _____.

6. _____ is the power of local government to do certain things for itself.

7. _____ is voter action to begin or initiate a law or proposition.

8. _____ is a vote on issues other than candidates for office.

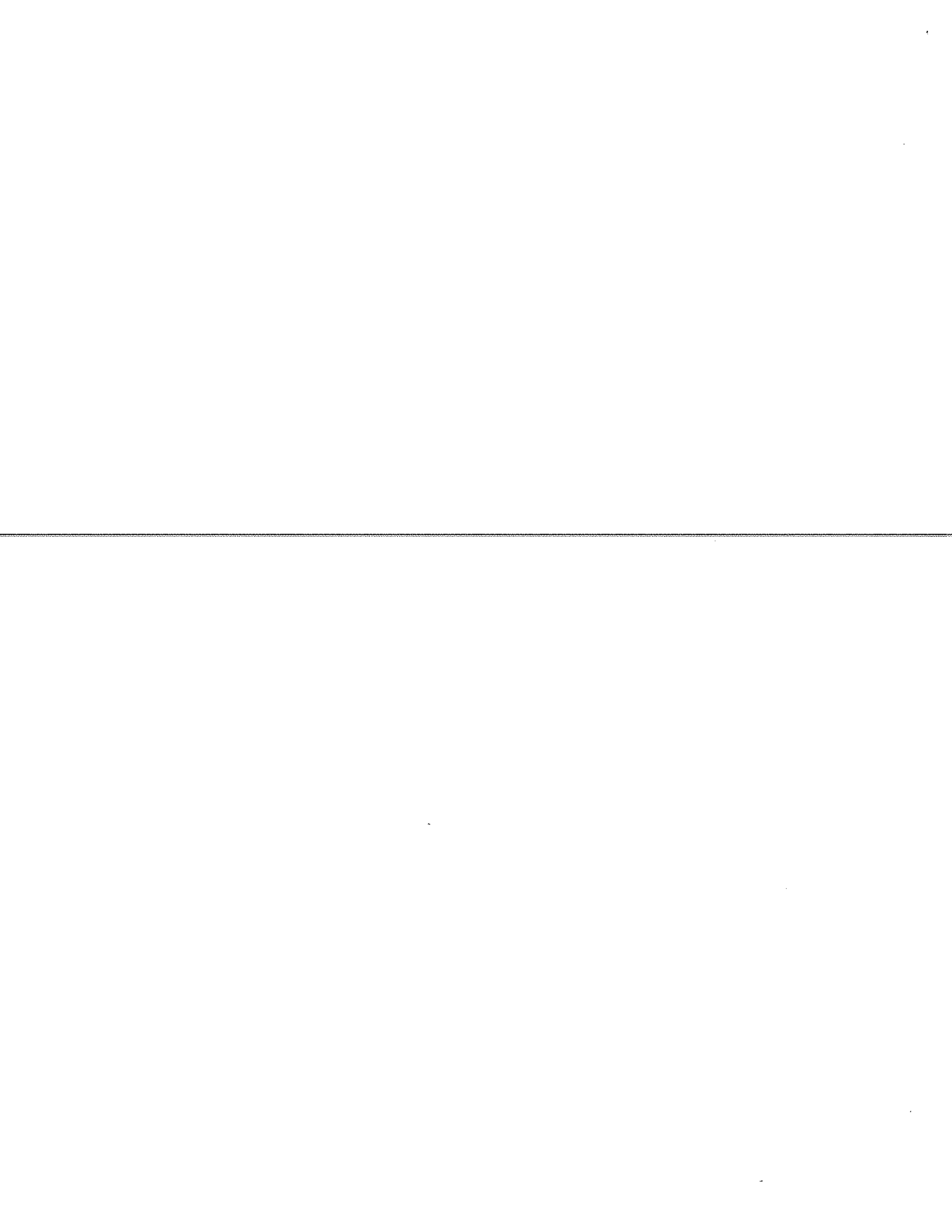
9. The State Budget is prepared by the _____ each year.

10. A _____ is the period of time covered by the budget.

11. The State Income Tax is a _____ for each individual.

12. Property taxes must be _____ and _____.

13. Name 3 places that are exempt from property taxes: _____



Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Article X – Article XIII Worksheet 6

1. The state is responsible for what 3 things dealing with education:

- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____

2. The state delegates the power of the local school districts to the

_____.

3. What are the 2 limits on the use of public funds for education?

-
- A. _____
 - B. _____
 - C. _____

4. The protection and maintenance of a healthy environment is the duty of:

- A. _____
- B. _____

5. All _____ are allowed membership in the state militia. This includes:

- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____

6. The _____ is the Commander-in-Chief of the state militia.

7. The governor can call the state militia into duty for emergencies such as:

A. _____

B. _____

8. What are 4 reasons people can be prohibited from holding office?

A. _____

B. _____

C. _____

D. _____

9. All state office holders must swear an _____ when they are elected into office.

Name _____ Date _____

IL Constitution: Article XIV – Amendments Worksheet 7

1. The question of a Constitutional Convention must be on the ballot every _____ years.
2. Amendments can be proposed in either the _____ or the _____.
3. Approval of an amendment requires a _____ of those voting on election day.
4. Amending the US Constitution requires a _____ vote of both houses and they may request _____ to call a Constitutional Convention.
5. Amendment 1 was the _____ time in history that an amendment was _____ by citizens.
6. Amendment 1 reduced the House of Representatives from _____ to _____.
7. Amendment 3 says that courts are allowed to deny _____ in cases of serious crimes punishable by life imprisonment or death.
8. Amendment 4 also included crimes such as _____, _____, _____, and _____.
9. Amendment 5 changed the voting age to _____ and reduced the residency requirement to _____ days.

